

- Newton's Second Law of Motion

Definition:

- The acceleration of an object is directly proportional to the net force acting upon it and inversely proportional to its mass.

- Mathematical expression: $F = ma$

Components:

- Force (F): Measured in Newtons (N).

- Mass (m): Measured in kilograms (kg).

- Acceleration (a): Measured in meters per second squared (m/s^2).

Key Concepts:

- Net force: Sum of all forces acting on an object.

- Acceleration direction: Same as the net force.

Applications:

- Calculating force needed to accelerate a vehicle.

- Understanding how mass affects acceleration.

Notes to Include:

- Units of force: Newtons.

- Vector nature of force and acceleration: Both have magnitude and direction.

- Sample problems: Include example calculations.

- Newton's Third Law of Motion

